

56 LOST WITH BRITISH SUBMARINE K-5 BIG TARIFF GRAB BLOCKED BY PUBLICITY

TO-NIGHT'S Weather—PROBABLY RAIN.

TO-MORROW'S Weather—PROBABLY RAIN.

THE EVENING WORLD
FINAL EDITION

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TARIFF GRAB BILL STOPPED AT THIS SESSION AS RESULT OF EVENING WORLD EXPOSE

Author of Sugar Amendment
Despairs of Getting Action
On It.

HOPE IN EXTRA SESSION.

Data Obtained by This News-
paper to Be Used on Floor
of Senate, If Needed.

(Special From Staff Correspondent
of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The Fordney "Emergency" Tariff Bill will never come to a vote in the Senate, in the opinion of many well informed members of Congress. The Evening World exposure of the trick act, which takes care of the sugar growers, has put a quietus on the bill and forestalled the plan to rush the measure through before the public has time to analyze its provisions.

Even Senator Gay, author of the Gay sugar amendment, told The Evening World correspondent to-day that he never expected to see the bill come to a vote in the Senate. With only six weeks more of the session remaining and only one of the big supply bills passed, even the supporters of the tariff legislation see insuperable obstacles ahead.

Senator Gay, when asked to comment on The Evening World's articles on sugar, declined to have anything further to say at this time, but intimated that he would "have his say" later. He said:

"When the proper time comes, if The Evening World articles are made use of in the debate, as I understand is the plan, I will make appropriate reply, but as for giving The Evening World material to keep this thing going, I do not care to do that. You are not writing the facts and I cannot see that it is doing any good, so I will not make any further statement at this time."

When asked to specify matter that he did not consider supported by facts, Senator Gay refused to do so.

"The calendar is becoming crowded and I doubt whether we will be able to get the bill to a vote, even if we do speak at length in reply to your charges," he added.

It is becoming more and more apparent that the Fordney tariff bill is parent that has rough sledding in the Senate. A number of Senators have stated that they have been studying the situation in the light of The Evening World's articles and are against any effort to railroad the bill through without affording a chance to analyze it thoroughly.

In anticipation of the failure of the so-called emergency bill, the "protectionists" in Congress are looking forward to the extra session. At a conference yesterday of certain Republican leaders it was determined to reduce the Democratic representation on the Ways and Means Committee from ten to nine.

The Democratic group, who flapped over for "protection" when the Fordney bill came up in the House with its "yeap" to the men from the agricultural regions, are planning to force men for the Ways and Means Committee, who are accused "protectionists" under the new order of things. This will make it possible for the tariff men to get a favorable committee report on any kind of a bill they desire.

Some Democrats who are opposed to the departure from traditional party principles are preparing to resist the movement with the Democratic caucus is called to select its choice for the important committee. The Republican Steering Committee has dropped the suggestion to the proper men on the Democratic side that it would be well to put forward a slate of "protection" Democrats for the committee, and those Democrats who want to defend their surrender in principle on this legislation are favorably impressed.

NEW TARIFF BILL WOULD RAISE FOOD AND CLOTHING COST

Woolen, Leather and Cotton
Combinations With Sugar
Crow to Benefit.

(Special From Staff Correspondent
of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The sugar clause in the Fordney Emergency Tariff Bill, which has been framed for the purpose, according to its title, of "imposing temporary duties upon certain agricultural products to meet present emergency and to provide revenue, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES," is not the only provision in the bill directly calculated to benefit interests which enthusiastically supported the Republican ticket in the last campaign. The whole bill is shot through with hidden efforts to increase the value of vast stores of property held by various trusts and combinations.

By exercise of an unorganized boycott, the people of the United States have forced a reduction in the price of the necessities of life. The first act of the Republican Administration—for the Fordney bill is a mere curtain raiser to the permanent tariff legislation which the Republican leaders hope to enact—is to raise the price of the necessities of life. The Fordney bill, if the Republican majority has the effrontery to pass it, will have the immediate effect of furnishing an excuse for increasing the price of:

CLOTHING. BREAD.
SHOES. BUTTER.
SUGAR. CHEESE.

And various other commodities which are included in the list of necessities required for every family.

DECEPTIVE WORDS SCREEN
GREAT CONSPIRACY.

It is a cunningly devised measure, in the hands of the shrewdest manipulators in Congress. It passed the House without arousing any more than passing interest, possibly because of its innocuous appearance. It went to the Senate, where the Finance Committee tackled ten amendments to it, which also slipped by behind a screen of deceptive words. And now, thinking that the people are still asleep, Senator Penrose, the real leader of the Republican Party, announces his intention of hastening its passage.

The chief beneficiaries under the act are the sugar interests, the woolen manufacturers, the hide and leather interests. How these selfish supporters of the Grand Old Party would be benefited by the passage of

(Continued on Second Page)

STONE IS THROWN
AT HARDING'S CAR

Window Broken by Missile That
Was Probably Fired by
Boy.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 22.—A woman in President-elect Harding's private car was shattered during the night by a stone thrown at the train.

Secret service men believe the stone had been thrown by a boy. The broken window was replaced at Jacksonville.

ADMITS DRIVING AUTO FOR BANDITS, POLICE DECLARE

Chauffeur Held in Connection
With Robbery of Montana
Apartment Agent.

CLUE IN ANDREWS CASE.

Jersey Jewel Robberies Linked
With the Staying of
Fifth Ave. Merchant.

Ability of the police to safeguard New York if left alone to perform their duties was further demonstrated to-day by a series of arrests that are expected to clear up the hold-up at the Montana Apartments, 621 Street and Park Avenue, last Monday morning, two New Jersey robberies in which \$25,000 worth of jewelry was obtained, and may have an important bearing on the murder of Edwin Andrews, a Fifth Avenue jeweler, in his office, on Dec. 16, last.

In the Yorkville Court to-day Magistrate Keonig held without bail Frank Pracht, twenty-six, a chauffeur of No. 783 11th Avenue, who, according to the police, has confessed that he drove the car used by the bandits in the Montana Apartments robbery.

Pracht has been employed by John Gregg of No. 18 West 76th Street, inventor of a shorthand system. On Monday morning, according to the police, Pracht telephoned Mr. Gregg that owing to engine trouble he could not take him to his office in his automobile. Then, it is charged, he drove the bandits to the scene of the hold-up. While three of the bandits remained in the machine two entered the office of Washington Irving Davis, assistant superintendent of the building, shot at him, beat him on the head and escaped with \$2,500 which Davis had drawn from a bank a few minutes before for a payroll.

Pracht, who is charged with assault and robbery, is said to have confessed his part in the affair. He is said to have received \$100 from the bandits, \$200 of which has been turned over to the police. Pracht has been employed four years by Mr. Gregg and said he served in the army during the war, driving an official car in Paris. He was traced through the license number on Mr. Gregg's automobile and arrested yesterday by Detectives Jones and Hughes.

The jewelry salesman who witnessed the robbery.

(Continued on Page Two.)

FIRST DRY YEAR
CUTS POPULATION
IN STATE PRISONS

1,871 Less in N. Y. Institutions
Than in 1919, While Commit-
ments Drop 26,142.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—The end of the first year of Prohibition on June 30 last, found a decrease of 1,871 in the population of New York State prisons and other correctional institutions, according to statistics of the State Commission of Prisons announced to-day.

One year after John Barleycorn had been officially buried the inhabitants of prisons, reformatories and similar institutions numbered 2,445 as against 11,016 for the year preceding. Of this number 2,855 were in New York City institutions.

The number of commitments for the year showed a large drop, from 59,933, or 26,142 less than the year before.

However, reports received since June 30, are doing to the population of the institutions increasing, as is shown in times of industrial depression.

SIX OFFICERS AND FIFTY MEN LOST ON BRITISH SUBMARINE, WRECKED OFF LAND'S END

K-5, One of Latest Type, Goes
to Bottom With Entire
Complement.

CAUSE IS A MYSTERY.

Craft Had a Surface Speed of
24 Knots and Carried
Two Guns.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—British submarine K-5, Commander John A. Gaines, was lost with all hands Thursday at the approaches to the English Channel, the Admiralty announced this afternoon.

Vessels of this class carry approximately six officers and fifty men. The disaster, the Admiralty announcement states, occurred 100 miles off Land's End. The submarine had a full complement of officers and men on board.

The "K" class of submarines is the latest type of British submersibles, the vessels being 335 feet in length, with a surface speed of twenty-four knots and a speed, submerged, of nine knots. They carry eight torpedo tubes, one four-inch gun and one three-inch gun.

The cause of the disaster is not known.

Naval records show that three other submarines of the "K" class have met with disaster. Submarines K-4 and K-17 were both rammed and sunk accidentally by larger British warships.

Submarine K-13 foundered while undergoing trials. She was raised to the surface, but the salvage craft were forced by heavy weather to cast off from her. She was again raised, however, and ultimately repaired, being renamed K-22. These craft are known as "submarine cruisers."

ROOT FOR DELAY
ON DISARMAMENT

Says No Action Should Be Taken
Until After Harding
Takes Office.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—In a letter to Chairman Butler of the House Naval Committee, made public to-day, Elihu Root discussed the question of disarmament.

"I feel strongly," said Mr. Root, "that steps should be taken promptly after the Administration is established to bring about a general agreement on that question. I am plainly impracticable to accomplish this before the change of Administration."

"The precise method of procedure through which the attempt should be made I think ought to be determined after and not before Mr. Harding and his Secretary of State have had an opportunity to inform themselves and to reach conclusions as to the way which affords the best prospect of success."

Classified Advertisers
CLOSING TIME
5.30 P. M. SHARP
SATURDAY FOR
THE SUNDAY WORLD'S
Classified
Advertisements

BRANCH OFFICES CLOSE
BEFORE 5 O'CLOCK
Positively No Classified Advertis-
ments will be received for The
Sunday World after 5.30 P. M.

Advertising copy for The Sunday
World should be in the World office
ON OR BEFORE FRIDAY
PRECEDING PUBLICATION

700 IN RAIN BID DEPORTED "RED" ENVOY FAREWELL

Customs Officials Limit Passes
for Marten's Ship—Russia
Pictured as Friend.

Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, Soviet Trade Representative, his office force of twelve women and twenty-seven men, who were deported with him aboard the Stockholm this afternoon, along with sixty other radicals, had many sympathizers at Pier 95, North River, to bid them bon voyage.

About 700 people gathered in the rain at the foot of West 54th Street to see Martens off. Some were admitted to the pier. Women threw flowers to him and one handed the deportees a bunch of roses. The only American flag seen in the crowd was carried by a little boy of about five years old.

"I am glad to leave America under present conditions," said Martens, "but some time the United States will recognize Soviet Russia, and then I shall probably return as Ambassador."

Several hundred passes were issued to foreigners before the customs authorities learned they wished to bid the Bolsheviks goodbye, and, fearing a demonstration, H. C. Stuart, Deputy Clerk of the Port, declined to issue more. The applications, it was stated, numbered 1,500.

Department of Justice agents were at the pier guarding against a possible demonstration.

Martens himself occupied the suite de luxe on the promenade deck, and the rest of his party were comfortably quartered on the main deck. An official of the Swedish American Line said Martens had asked for steerage passage but the company had decided to provide greater comfort as a courtesy to his party.

Seventy-five lower Bolsheviks from Ellis Island were quartered in the steerage for deportation.

Martens, who is being sent back to Petrograd via Stockholm, Sweden, gave out a farewell statement in which he said he is "greatly encouraged by the sympathetic attitude of Americans toward the Soviet cause."

He declared resumption of trade with Russia is "an imperative necessity upon all nations" and, though he did not know how the United States Government would solve this problem, he "could say when the American people are prepared to approach it the Government of the Russian workers and peasants will be ready to meet them in a reasonable and friendly spirit."

Mrs. Martens left her home at No. 752 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn, with her six-month-old daughter at 11:59 o'clock to join her husband. "I have learned to love Flathush," Mrs. Martens said to one of her friends, "but I do not object to returning to Russia."

DAN RIORDAN LAID UP.

It was learned today that former Congressman Daniel J. Riordan, 44, confined to his bed at his residence, No. 29 Olive Street, suffering from a nervous breakdown.

Mr. Riordan returned from Washington a week ago today apparently in his usual health. He attended church on Sunday and a morning service on Monday night. Since then he is reported to have been confined to his home.

SAFE OF BRINDELL MAY BE SEIZED BY MR. UNTERMYER

Believed to Contain Papers
Which Would Help Prosecu-
tion for Extortion.

COMBINATION MISSING.

Expert "Safe Opener" or Per-
haps Safe Breaker May
Be Used to Open It.

In the office of the Building Trades Council at No. 12 St. Mark's Place there was uneasy watchfulness centering about the safe in the office of the secretary, Special Prosecutor Untermyer presenting the case against Robert P. Brindell, President of the Council to a jury before Justice McAvoy has produced evidence leading to the belief that the safe contains records and correspondence important to the prosecution.

At the close of the session of Brindell's trial last night Mr. Untermyer made a remark which those who heard him interpreted to mean that he would ask for an attachment for the safe and, on taking it into his custody, have it opened by a competent safe opener or a "safe-breaker" a few of whom are undoubtedly at large.

The suggestion created intense excitement among the counsel for Brindell and his friends who are attending the trial. They hurried from the court room and had excited whispered conversations. They gathered in separate groups around Martin Littleton, John J. O'Connor, Brindell's brother, Matt Brindell, and others. One lay adviser was heard to raise his voice in a fervid appeal that "somebody get a writ of habeas corpus for the safe to protect it."

The conferences were renewed under the bridge of Sixth spanning Franklin Street alongside of Mr. Littleton's automobile. Passersby heard hoarse earnest voices of minor satellites of Brindell declaring there must be some way of "keeping these papers out of his hands," meaning Mr. Untermyer's.

It was plain that besides the documents for which the prosecutor's subpoena calls there are other records regarding which the Brindell group does not desire him to learn.

Mr. Untermyer made no comment on the disturbed state of feelings on the other side of the case.

So far as could be gathered from the prosecution there would be no contempt of court if any one, having the authority and the combination opened the safe and withdrew from it any papers whatever. The contempt would be only in removing such papers as have been covered by subpoenas from the jurisdiction of the court.

It has been shown in court that Thomas D. Tompkins, Secretary of the Council and office manager for Brindell, turned over the office—and the locked safe—to Assistant Secretary Charles Burns on Dec. 28, saying he was "going away for a while."

He did go away and members of his family and other officers of the Council say they do not know where he went when he is coming back. Acting President Crowley and Acting Secretary Burns not only assert they do not know the combination of the safe, but they do not know what the safe contains or indeed it contains anything.

Brindell knows the combination. Had he tried to get the safe open to reveal papers to be used as evidence against him would give him ammunition.

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TWO BOMB PLANTERS SHOOT AT WATCHMAN, SET FIRE TO FUSE AND ESCAPE CAPTURE

Bullets Miss Francavilla, Who Was
On Guard and Who Cut Off
Blazing Fuse—Incident May Be
Due to Labor Row.

Tony Francavilla, a watchman, while making his rounds at 1 A. M. to-day, descended into the cellar of the building, No. 154 East 53d Street, which is being rebuilt from a stable into a garage. It is in a neighborhood filled with apartment houses and private dwellings.

By a match one had just lighted, he said later he saw two figures. He thought they were boys or men trying to build a fire from the waste material on all sides and called out:

"What are you doing over there?" One of the men said to the other: "Let's give it to the old guy!" Then two shots were fired at him. Francavilla says, both going wild. He heard the hammer of the revolver click again, but the third cartridge failed to explode. The men ran past him, up the stairs and to the street.

Francavilla saw something was spluttering where the men had been, and found it was the fuse of what appeared to be a bomb. He quickly took out his knife and hacked at the fuse and finally cut it when the fire was within two inches of the "bomb."

"You see," the watchman said to the detectives, "I couldn't let go. It was better to be burned on the arm than to be blown up before I could get to the stairs. The fuse was burning very fast."

Inspector Callahan of the Bureau of Explosives began an examination of the bomb at the East 51st Street Station. He found that it weighed ten pounds and was a cylinder four inches in diameter and nine inches long. It was heavily coated with cement plaster.

Detective Joseph O'Leary of the East 51st Street station questioned the watchman and contractor, Salvatore Sullaki. Both denied there had been any labor difficulties about the job, but the detective learned of a man who had a private grudge against the builder. A shot was fired into the building a few days ago, striking on a finger a workman related to the contractor.

Francavilla, after his burned arm had been dressed at Flower Hospital, went back to his post, though advised to go to his home at No. 131 Buffalo Avenue, Brooklyn.

"No," he said, "there is no other watchman on the job and those men might come back with another bomb."

"FAKED BIRD' NEARLY
BREAKS UP CONTEST

Some One "Gilded the Lily" in
Englishman's Entries at the
Poultry Show.

Quite a stir was created among the American Cornish Exhibitors at the Madison Square Garden Poultry show to-day as the result of a "faked bird" being found by Judge W. G. Minch, of Allentown, Pa., in the exhibit of Alfred Birch, of England, who had challenged all American Cornish breeders to meet him in competition at this show. Artificial coloring was found in the hackles of one of his dark Cornish cock, and the bird was thrown out by Minch, who judged the Cornish class.

Birch admitted that he had been deceived in the bird, declaring it was not one he had bred out but one he had purchased.

"I never made a minute examination of the bird," he said. "I certainly will take this matter up with the man in England from whom I purchased it when I get back home."

BIG HOTEL CUTS PRICES.

Pennsylvania Reduces Charges on
223 Articles 15 Per Cent.

An average reduction of 15 per cent. in the price of 223 articles on the bill of fare at the Pennsylvania Hotel was announced today by T. M. Staller. He declared the reductions would be made at all the Staller hotels throughout the country.

The reductions apply to all meats except beef, to a large number of salads and soups, to the Scotch and Irish food specialties and to the prices of those commodities and it was his policy to share these reductions with the public.

Outbreak in India.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A recent outbreak involving the killing of twenty markets was occurred in the Mughalpur district, British India. It was officially attributed to the sympathy with the non-cooperation movement are believed to have been the principal cause of the outbreak.

Dead Bandits, \$500 Each.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 22.—A standing reward of \$500 to any person for killing a bandit while attempting to rob a member bank, was voted to-day by the Association of Suburban Bankers.